

Meditropin

There is a difference between growing old and quality of life — it's found in the ability to tap the amazing revitalizing powers of the body. Your biological age is how old your body feels and looks. When you look into the mirror do you like what you see? Or do you wish you could change a few things?

With biological aging comes your body's decreased ability to produce the unique special messengers needed to maintain libido, energy, tight skin and fight excess body fat.

But there's hope! Human Growth Hormone (HGH), is the master hormone that is produced in abundance throughout your entire life — the problem is, the secretion pattern diminishes as you age. HGH is your body's vital cell reviver! One of the key secrets to forestalling the signs and symptoms of biological aging lies in nourishing your body's vital cells.

Aging Doesn't Have to Mean You're Old

According to pharmacologist James J. Jamison, "MediTropin is a powerful insulin-regulator. The oral delivery of the active peptides is made possible by the protective and bioenhancing effects of the Chaperone Molecule".

With all the advantages of Symbiotropin™ and more, MediTropin can help:

- Increase muscle mass.
- Heighten mental alertness.
- Increase skin elasticity.
- Heighten physical performance through:
 - Encouraged weight loss.
 - Improved blood pressure management.
 - Improved menopausal symptoms.
 - Improved blood sugar management in diabetic patients.
 - Supports growth, repair and maintenance of all tissues.
 - Provides advanced support for the hypothalamus and pituitary glands.

Directions

Dissolve 3 tablets of Meditropin in 6-8 ounces of water, let stand until completely dissolved, stir to speed dissolution. Do not swallow tablets that have not been dissolved.

Dosage

Adults; take 3 tablets of Meditropin before bedtime for 5 days, skip 2 days, and repeat the 5 day cycle. For best results, please allow 2-4 hours after last evening meal before taking Meditropin. If this is inconvenient, Meditropin can be taken first thing in the morning, with a ½ hour to house delay before the first daily meal.